KS1 - Diversify & Acceptonce

## Corriectom Links:

- Understand the different groups that they belong to.
- Recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people.
- Understand the different groups that exist within the community.
- Consider the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community.

# Learning Points:

- Understand the concepts of ethnicity, culture, gender, sexual orientation ability at an age appropriate level.
- Understand that some people dress or act in a different way, based on their ethnicity, culture, gender or ability—sometimes these ways of dress-ing or acting are only appropriate to those from that culture/ethnicity.
- Understand the concept of stereotypes, prejudice and discrimination and that these ideas often form based on ethnicity, culture, gender, sexual orientation and ability but are not acceptable.

### Possible experiences:

- Self-portraits adding in additional information about hair colour, eye colour, hair style, skin colour, who lives at home, other family, house type, favourite things etc.
- Scenarios around ethnicity, culture, gender, sexual orientation and ability.
- Looking at books around ethnicity, culture, gender, sexual orientation, ability stereotypes, diversity and difference.
- Diversity Workshops—https:// www.diversityrolemodels.org/education-services/ student-workshops-primary
- Study of famous individuals who have fought for/ celebrated diversity—Rosa Parks, Martin Luther King Jr., Katie Piper, Marcus Rashford, Elliot Page, Ru Paul.

#### We checely know:

- People who care for us and what makes us special.
- Celebrations from R.E. curriculum.
- Concepts of 'man', 'woman', 'boy', 'girl'.

### Key Vocebulery

Ability	The experience of a person to experience the world access society. Conditions can result in disability.
Culture	The ideas, customs, and behaviours of a particular group of people or society.
Discrimination	Unfair treatment of different people, often on the grounds of ethnicity, gender, ability, culture or sexual ori- entation.
Gender	The behaviours, beliefs and characteristics associated with a person's identity as to whether they are woman, man, girl or boy.
Prejudice	An opinion formed around a person or group based on certain characteristics that is not supported by evidence.
Ethnicity	Being part of a group made up of people who share a common genetic background. This can result in shared physical characteristics.
Representation	The ability to see and relate to characters in stories/films/ media that have similar characteristics to ourselves.
Sexual orienta- tion	Relates to who a person may feel attracted to/want to love romantically.
Stereotype	A belief or idea about a group of people that is very nar- row and simplified.